Calendar No. 600

103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4908

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AN ACT

To authorize the hydrogen and fusion research, development, and demonstration programs, and the high energy physics and nuclear physics programs, of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Hydrogen, Fusion, and
- 5 High Energy and Nuclear Physics Research Act of 1994".
- 6 SEC. 2. GENERAL FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) by the year 2050, the world will need to 2 supply between 2 and 3 times as much energy as is 3 presently produced to meet minimum requirements 4 for food, shelter, transportation, and economic secu-5 rity;
 - (2) meeting the increased energy demands of the year 2050 cannot be achieved without substantial environmental degradation unless there is a massive shift from dependence on fossil fuels which today provide more than three-quarters of all energy supply;
 - (3) a wide variety of nonfossil fuel energy technologies must be developed to meet the expected demand of the year 2050;
 - (4) the Federal Government has a responsibility to fund research in energy technologies to help meet future expected energy demand where the technical or economic risks of development are too high, or the development time is too long, to be borne solely by the private sector, or where the benefits accrue to all and cannot be recouped by a private investor; and
 - (5) despite the urgent need to develop a wide variety of nonfossil energy technologies, the Federal Government's investment in all energy supply re-

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- search and development (including fossil fuels) has 1 2 declined in real terms by more than two-thirds in 3 the last 14 years. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this Act— 5 (1) the term "alternative fusion concepts" 6 7 means any concepts for the production of energy based on the fusing of atomic nuclei other than to-8 9 roidal magnetic fusion concepts, including heavy ion 10 inertial fusion, aneutronic fusion, and electrostatic 11 fusion; 12 (2) the term "demonstration" means a demonstration to determine technological and economic 13 14 feasibility; (3) the term "Department" means the Depart-15 ment of Energy; 16 17 (4) the term "Fusion Energy Research Pro-18 gram" means the program described in section 203; 19 (5) the term "host country" means the country 20 selected by the international partners as the site for the ITER facility; 21
- 22 (6) the term "international partners" means 23 the United States, the European Atomic Energy 24 Community, Japan, and the Russian Federation;

1	(7) the term "ITER" means the International
2	Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor;
3	(8) the term "magnetic fusion" means fusion
4	based on toroidal confinement concepts;
5	(9) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
6	of Energy; and
7	(10) the term "Tokamak Physics Experiment"
8	means a facility to replace the Tokamak Fusion Test
9	Reactor which is designed to be capable of conduct-
10	ing experiments on reactions with a pulse length of
11	at least 15 minutes and demonstrating a more com-
12	pact and efficient magnetic fusion reactor design.
13	TITLE I—HYDROGEN ENERGY
14	RESEARCH PROGRAM
15	SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
16	This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act
17	of 1994".
18	SEC. 102. FINDINGS.
19	The Congress finds that—
20	(1) fossil fuels, the main energy source of the
21	present, have provided this country with tremendous
22	supply but are limited and polluting, and their pro-
23	duction and utilization technologies are mature;
24	(2) the basic scientific fundamentals are needed
25	for private sector investment and development of

- new and better energy sources and enabling technologies;

 (3) hydrogen holds tremendous promise as a
 - (3) hydrogen holds tremendous promise as a new and better energy source because it secures a practically infinite supply from water and combusts purely to water;
 - (4) hydrogen production efficiency is a major technical barrier to society collectively benefitting from one of the great energy sources of the future;
 - (5) an aggressive, results-oriented, multiyear research initiative on efficient hydrogen fuel production and use should continue; and
- 13 (6) the current Federal effort to develop hydro-14 gen as a fuel is inadequate.

15 SEC. 103. PURPOSES.

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- 16 The purposes of this title are—
 - (1) to provide for the development and demonstration of the processes and technologies needed to produce, store, transport, and utilize hydrogen for transportation, industrial, residential, and utility applications; and
 - (2) to foster industry participation during each stage of the Department of Energy hydrogen research, development, and demonstration program to

- 1 ensure that technology transfer to the private sector
- 2 occurs to develop viable, marketable products.
- 3 SEC. 104. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRA-
- 4 TION.
- 5 (a) Program Goal.—The goal of the program de-
- 6 scribed in this section is the demonstration, by the year
- 7 2000, of the practicability of utilizing hydrogen for trans-
- 8 portation, industrial, residential and utility applications on
- 9 a broad scale.
- 10 (b) Production.—The Secretary shall support hy-
- 11 drogen energy production research, development, and
- 12 demonstration in the following areas, including funding
- 13 for at least 1 technical demonstration in each such area:
- 14 (1) Photoconversion.
- 15 (2) Bioconversion.
- 16 (3) Electrolysis of water.
- 17 (c) Storage.—The Secretary shall support research,
- 18 development, and demonstration of safe and economical
- 19 storage of hydrogen, both for onboard vehicle and station-
- 20 ary use. Such research, development, and demonstration
- 21 should be aimed at improving existing methods and devel-
- 22 oping new approaches in each of the following areas, in-
- 23 cluding funding for at least 1 technical demonstration in
- 24 each such area:
- 25 (1) Hydrides and porous materials.

1	(2) Liquefaction and cryogenics.
2	(3) Compressed gas, especially low-temperature
3	dense gas.
4	(4) Advanced methods, such as iron oxide,
5	microspheres, and phase change materials.
6	(d) USE.—The Secretary shall support hydrogen en-
7	ergy research, development, and demonstration for each
8	of the following uses, including funding for at least 1 tech-
9	nical demonstration in each such area:
10	(1) Fuel cell systems for stationary applica-
11	tions.
12	(2) Fuel cell systems for mobile applications.
13	(3) Electricity generation using hydrogen as a
14	fuel source for utility and industrial applications.
15	(4) Heating and cooling using hydrogen.
16	(e) Transportation.—The Secretary shall support
17	research, development, and demonstration of safe, effi-
18	cient, and nonpolluting hydrogen-based transportation ve-
19	hicles of the following types, including funding for at least
20	1 technical demonstration of each such type:
21	(1) An economically feasible, low emission
22	motor vehicle using hydrogen as a combustible power
23	supply, either in pure form or mixed with other
24	fuels, in a hybrid electric vehicle using a hydrogen
25	fuel cell.

- 1 (2) An economically feasible, zero emission or
- 2 low emission engine using hydrogen.
- 3 (f) Schedule.—Within 180 days after the date of
- 4 enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall solicit proposals
- 5 for carrying out the research and development activities
- 6 authorized under this section. Awards of financial assist-
- 7 ance shall be made within 1 year after such date of enact-
- 8 ment.
- 9 (g) Cost Sharing.—(1) Except as otherwise pro-
- 10 vided in section 105, for research and development pro-
- 11 grams carried out under this title, the Secretary shall re-
- 12 quire a commitment from non-Federal sources of at least
- 13 20 percent of the cost of the project. The Secretary may
- 14 reduce or eliminate the non-Federal requirement under
- 15 this paragraph if the Secretary determines that the re-
- 16 search and development is of a basic or fundamental na-
- 17 ture.
- 18 (2) The Secretary shall require at least 50 percent
- 19 of the costs directly and specifically related to any dem-
- 20 onstration project under this title to be provided from non-
- 21 Federal sources. The Secretary may reduce the non-Fed-
- 22 eral requirement under this paragraph if the Secretary de-
- 23 termines that the reduction is necessary and appropriate
- 24 considering the technological risks involved in the project

- 1 and is necessary to serve the purposes and goals of this
- 2 title.
- 3 (3) In calculating the amount of the non-Federal
- 4 commitment under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary
- 5 shall include cash, personnel, services, equipment, and
- 6 other resources.
- 7 (h) DUPLICATION OF PROGRAMS.—Nothing in this
- 8 title shall require the duplication of activities carried out
- 9 under otherwise authorized programs of the Department
- 10 of Energy.

11 SEC. 105. HIGHLY INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES.

- Of the amounts made available for carrying out sec-
- 13 tion 104, up to 5 percent may be used to support research
- 14 on highly innovative energy technologies. Such amounts
- 15 shall not be subject to the cost sharing requirements in
- 16 section 104(g).

17 SEC. 106. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER.

- 18 The Secretary shall foster the exchange of generic,
- 19 nonproprietary information and technology developed pur-
- 20 suant to section 104, or other similiar Federal programs,
- 21 among industry, academia, and the Federal Government
- 22 with regard to production and use of hydrogen.

23 SEC. 107. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

- Within 18 months after the date of enactment of this
- 25 Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall transmit

- 1 to the Congress a detailed report on the status and
- 2 progress of the Department of Energy's hydrogen re-
- 3 search, development, and demonstration programs. Such
- 4 report shall include an analysis of the effectiveness of such
- 5 programs, to be prepared and submitted by the Hydrogen
- 6 Technical Advisory Panel established under section 108
- 7 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Develop-
- 8 ment, and Demonstration Act of 1990. Such Panel shall
- 9 also make recommendations for improvements to such
- 10 programs if needed, including recommendations for addi-
- 11 tional legislation.

12 SEC. 108. COORDINATION AND CONSULTATION.

- 13 (a) COORDINATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGEN-
- 14 CIES.—The Secretary shall coordinate all hydrogen re-
- 15 search, development, and demonstration activities with
- 16 other Federal agencies involved in similar research, devel-
- 17 opment, and demonstration, including the Department of
- 18 Defense and the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
- 19 tration.
- 20 (b) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult
- 21 with the Hydrogen Technical Advisory Panel established
- 22 under section 108 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen
- 23 Research, Development, and Demonstration Act of 1990
- 24 as necessary in carrying out this title.

11 SEC. 109. REPEAL. Sections 104 and 105 of the Spark M. Matsunaga 2 Hydrogen Research, Development, and Demonstration Act of 1990 are repealed. 5 SEC. 110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. (a) GENERAL AUTHORIZATION.—There are author-6 7 ized to be appropriated, to carry out the purposes of this title, in addition to any amounts made available for such purposes under other Acts— 10 (1) \$12,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; (2) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1996; 11 12 (3) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 1997; and (4) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 1998. 13 14 (b) Related Authorizations.—For each fiscal year from 1995 through 1998, the total amount authorized to be appropriated for Energy Supply Research and Development Activities shall not exceed \$3,302,170,000. 17 TITLE II—FUSION ENERGY 18 RESEARCH PROGRAM 19 SEC. 201. FINDINGS.

- 21 The Congress finds that—
- 22 (1) fusion energy is one of the nonfossil fuel 23 technologies which could potentially provide safe, 24 abundant, environmentally sound, secure, and af-
- fordable energy supplies in the future;

- 1 (2) in the last 16 years, fusion energy research2 ers have made significant progress toward realizing
 3 magnetic fusion as a viable source of energy, in4 creasing power production from test reactors more
 5 than a million-fold over that time period;
 - (3) while significant engineering, technical, and scientific challenges remain to make fusion energy commercially viable, limited funding remains the primary constraint to more rapid progress;
 - (4) the technical risks and the long time scale needed to demonstrate the commercial viability of fusion energy will likely require a stable, predictable, and sustained investment of government funding for decades to come;
 - (5) while magnetic fusion is the leading fusion technology, research on alternative fusion concepts should continue to be supported;
 - (6) opportunities to participate in international fusion experiments can dramatically lower the cost to the Federal Government of fusion energy research;
 - (7) the United States must demonstrate that it is a credible partner in international scientific programs by being able to make and keep long-term commitments to funding and participation; and

1	(8) the United States should commit to partici-
2	pating in the siting, construction, and operation of
3	ITER as soon as practicable.
4	SEC. 202. PURPOSES.
5	The purposes of this title are—
6	(1) to provide direction and authorize appro-
7	priations for a broadly based fusion energy research,
8	development, and demonstration program;
9	(2) to ensure that alternative fusion concepts
10	receive adequate funding and management attention
11	from the Department of Energy;
12	(3) to provide an accelerated commitment to
13	United States participation in ITER and provide au-
14	thorization of appropriations for such activity con-
15	tingent on meeting program milestones; and
16	(4) to provide for the selection of a host coun-
17	try and establish a site selection process for ITER.
18	SEC. 203. FUSION ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM.
19	(a) Fusion Program.—The Secretary shall carry
20	out in accordance with the provisions of this title a Fusion
21	Energy Research Program, including research, develop-
22	ment, and demonstration to demonstrate the technical and
23	economic feasibility of producing safe, environmentally

24 sound, and affordable energy from fusion.

1	(b) PROGRAM GOALS.—The goals of the Fusion En-
2	ergy Research Program are to demonstrate by the year
3	2010 the practicability of commercial electric power pro-
4	duction and to lead to commercial production of fusion
5	energy by the year 2040.
6	(c) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The Fusion Energy Re-
7	search Program shall consist of the following elements:
8	(1) Research, development, and demonstration
9	on magnetic fusion energy technology, including—
10	(A) research on plasma physics and con-
11	trol, confinement, ignition, and burning;
12	(B) the design, construction, and operation
13	of experimental fusion reactors, including the
14	Tokamak Physics Experiment, and the develop-
15	ment of special materials for such reactors, the
16	facilities to develop such materials, and the de-
17	velopment of components which support the op-
18	eration of such reactors, such as diagnostic and
19	remote maintenance equipment; and
20	(C) participation by the United States in-
21	dustrial sector in the design and construction of
22	fusion reactors, and cooperation with utilities.
23	(2) Research, development, and demonstration
24	of alternative fusion concepts, to be administered
25	through a Program Director for Alternative Fusion

- 1 Research, including research and development need-2 ed to build and test an Induction Linac Systems Ex-3 periment, and for systems engineering and design of a prototype inertial fusion energy power plant suitable for the eventual development of a heavy ion 5 based commercial power plant, for the purpose of 6 7 developing heavy ion inertial fusion energy. 8 (3) Participation in the design, construction, 9 and operation of ITER with the goal of ITER be-10 coming operational by the year 2005. SEC. 204. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF FUSION TECH-12 **NOLOGIES.** 13 Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall contract with the National Acad-14 15 emy of Sciences to conduct a study, to be completed within 18 months after such contract is executed, which— 16 17 (1) examines the various magnetic fusion tech-18 nologies and alternative fusion concepts to assess 19 their current state of development; 20 (2) evaluates the potential of such technologies and concepts to become commercially viable sources 21 22 of energy in the future;
- 23 (3) identifies research and development goals 24 and priorities, and the range of probable costs and

- time scales needed to achieve commercial viability;
- 2 and
- 3 (4) reviews facilities formerly proposed by the
- 4 Department of Energy for construction during the
- 5 past 10 years, comparing their proposed capabilities
- 6 and the justification offered for such proposals with
- 7 the rationale for the subsequent withdrawal of the
- 8 proposals.

9 SEC. 205. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES STUDY.

- Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this
- 11 Act, the Secretary shall contract with the National Acad-
- 12 emy of Sciences to conduct a study, to be completed within
- 13 18 months after such contract is executed, which examines
- 14 the status and promise of other energy sources, including
- 15 deuterated metal, and improvements in the efficient use
- 16 of energy which could affect our national energy needs on
- 17 the same time scale and quantity as projected fusion en-
- 18 ergy development, and which identifies priorities for re-
- 19 search on other energy sources and energy-efficient de-
- 20 vices and practices.

21 SEC. 206. ITER SITE SELECTION PROCESS.

- 22 (a) ITER STUDY AND REPORT.—Within 120 days
- 23 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
- 24 submit to Congress a study which compares the technical
- 25 and scientific advantages and disadvantages and the eco-

- 1 nomic costs and benefits to the United States of siting
- 2 ITER in the United States with siting ITER outside of
- 3 the United States. Such study shall include the consider-
- 4 ation of the impact on employment of constructing ITER
- 5 in the United States, the effect of manufacturing major
- 6 ITER subsystems (such as superconducting magnets) in
- 7 the United States, and the effect of siting on United
- 8 States funding requirements for participation in ITER.
- 9 (b) Host-Country Selection.—The Secretary
- 10 shall seek to reach an agreement with the international
- 11 partners which provides for—
- 12 (1) the selection of a host country in which to
- site ITER by October, 1995;
- 14 (2) the equitable distribution of economic and
- technological benefits among the international part-
- ners, including the siting and construction of ITER
- and related facilities and the manufacture of major
- 18 ITER subsystems;
- 19 (3) substantial United States industry and util-
- 20 ity involvement in the design, construction, and op-
- 21 eration of ITER to ensure United States industry
- and utility expertise in the technologies developed;
- 23 and
- 24 (4) a schedule to complete site-specific design
- activities by 1998.

- 1 (c) United States Site Selection.—The Sec-2 retary shall—
- (1) immediately initiate a process for identify ing candidate sites within the United States which
 meet the site requirements for the construction and
 operation of ITER; and
- 7 (2) propose within 90 days after the date of en-8 actment of this Act a process for selection of a site 9 within the United States by June, 1996, if the Unit-10 ed States is selected as the host country for ITER 11 pursuant to the international agreement described in 12 subsection (b).
- 13 (d) Final Cost Estimate.—The Secretary shall 14 provide to Congress, within 90 days following the comple-15 tion of site-specific design activities, a detailed estimate 16 of the final projected total cost and cost to the United 17 States of the construction and operation of ITER based 18 on final site-specific engineering and construction designs.

19 SEC. 207. REPORTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

20 (a) CONTINGENCY PLAN.—Within 120 days after the 21 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit 22 to Congress a report on the feasibility of conducting a par-23 allel design effort on the Tokamak Physics Experiment to 24 augment the capabilities of or accelerate construction of 25 the Tokamak Physics Experiment in the event that an

- 1 international agreement cannot be reached on the site se-
- 2 lection or construction of ITER.
- 3 (b) Program Report.—Within 180 days after the
- 4 date of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter,
- 5 the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress
- 6 a report on the Fusion Energy Research Program and the
- 7 progress it has made in meeting the goals and require-
- 8 ments of this title.
- 9 (c) Consultation.—(1) In consultation with the
- 10 Secretary of Defense, the Secretary shall review the re-
- 11 search and development activities of the defense Inertial
- 12 Confinement Fusion Program to determine the potential
- 13 of such activities to contribute to the civilian Inertial Fu-
- 14 sion Energy Program.
- 15 (2) Within 120 days after the date of enactment of
- 16 this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary
- 17 of Defense, shall submit a report to Congress with rec-
- 18 ommendations for sharing budget and other resources in
- 19 order to enhance the civilian energy applications of the
- 20 defense Inertial Confinement Fusion Program.
- 21 (d) DUPLICATION OF ACTIVITIES.—Nothing in this
- 22 title shall require the duplication of activities carried out
- 23 under otherwise authorized programs of the Department
- 24 of Energy.

1 SEC. 208. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2	(a) Fusion Energy Research Program.—There
3	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
4	rying out the Fusion Energy Research Program
5	\$376,563,000 for fiscal 1995, \$425,000,000 for fiscal
6	year 1996, and \$475,000,000 for fiscal year 1997.
7	(b) ALTERNATIVE FUSION RESEARCH.—From the
8	sums authorized in subsection (a), there are authorized
9	to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out the
10	Alternative Fusion Research Program under section
11	203(c)(2)—
12	(1) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1995 for the In-
13	duction Linac Systems Experiment project and re-
14	lated base programs, and for the engineering and
15	design of a prototype inertial fusion energy power
16	plant;
17	(2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 1996, of
18	which—
19	(A) not more than \$20,000,000 shall be
20	for the Induction Linac Systems Experiment
21	project and related base programs; and
22	(B) not more than \$5,000,000 shall be for
23	the engineering and design of a prototype iner-
24	tial fusion energy power plant; and
25	(3) \$33,000,000 for fiscal year 1997, of
26	which—

1	(A) not more than \$20,000,000 shall be
2	for the Induction Linac Systems Experiment
3	project and related base programs; and
4	(B) not more than \$5,000,000 shall be for
5	the engineering and design of a prototype iner-
6	tial fusion energy power plant.
7	(c) Tokamak Physics Experiment.—(1) Except as
8	provided in paragraph (2), there are authorized to be ap-
9	propriated to the Secretary for the period encompassing
10	fiscal years 1992 through 2000 not to exceed
11	\$700,000,000 from within the Fusion Energy Research
12	Program, to complete the design, development, and con-
13	struction of the Tokamak Physics Experiment.
14	(2) None of the funds described in paragraph (1) are
15	authorized to be appropriated for any fiscal year unless,
16	within 60 days after the submission of the President's
17	budget request for that fiscal year, the Secretary—
18	(A) certifies to the Congress that—
19	(i) the technical goals of the design, devel-
20	opment, and construction are being met;
21	(ii) the design, development, and construc-
22	tion can be completed without further author-
23	ization of appropriations beyond amounts au-
24	thorized under paragraph (1); and

1	(iii) the design, development, and construc-
2	tion can be completed by the end of fiscal year
3	2000; or
4	(B) submits to the Congress a report which de-
5	scribes—
6	(i) the circumstances which prevent a cer-
7	tification under subparagraph (A);
8	(ii) remedial actions undertaken or to be
9	undertaken with respect to such circumstances;
10	and
11	(iii) a justification for proceeding with the
12	program, if appropriate.
13	(d) Construction of ITER.—No funds are author-
14	ized for the construction of ITER.
15	(e) Limitation on Magnetic Fusion Facili-
16	TIES.—No funds are authorized for the design, engineer-
17	ing, or construction of any magnetic fusion facility other
18	than ITER, facilities related to ITER, and the Tokamak
19	Physics Experiment. This limitation shall not apply to the
20	design or engineering of fusion materials irradiation test
21	facilities. Upon completion of the concept design for a fu-
22	sion materials irradiation test facility, the Secretary shall
23	transmit to the Congress a report which includes the esti-
24	mated cost for design, engineering, and construction of the
25	facility, the expected participation of international part-

1	ners, and the planned dates for starting and completing
2	construction.
3	SEC. 209. REPEAL OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
4	Section 7 of the Magnetic Fusion Energy Engineer-
5	ing Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9306), authorizing the Tech-
6	nical Panel on Magnetic Fusion, is repealed.
7	TITLE III—HIGH ENERGY AND
8	NUCLEAR PHYSICS
9	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Department of Energy
11	High Energy and Nuclear Physics Authorization Act of
12	1994".
13	SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.
14	For the purposes of this title—
15	(1) the term "CERN" means the European Or-
16	ganization for Nuclear Research;
17	(2) the term "construction" means all activities
18	necessary for completion of a project and its sup-
19	porting infrastructure, and includes conventional
20	construction and the fabrication, installation, test-
21	ing, and preoperation of technical sytems;
22	(3) the term "conventional construction" means
23	the design and construction of civil works, facilities
24	and other infrastructure necessary to construct a
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project, including tunnels, buildings, and roads, nec-

- essary to house and support the technical systems,
- and utilities as necessary for the direct support of
- 3 elements of a project; and
- 4 (4) the term "Large Hadron Collider project"
- 5 means the Large Hadron Collider project at CERN.

6 SEC. 303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 7 (a) High Energy Physics.—There are authorized
- 8 to be appropriated to the Secretary for high energy phys-
- 9 ics activities of the Department—
- 10 (1) \$695,400,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- 11 (2) \$719,700,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- 12 (3) \$744,900,000 for fiscal year 1998; and
- 13 (4) \$713,600,000 for fiscal year 1999.
- 14 Funds authorized under paragraphs (1) through (4) may
- 15 be expended for the B-factory at the Stanford Linear Ac-
- 16 celerator Center and the Fermilab Main Injector. Funds
- 17 may also be expended for research, development, and plan-
- 18 ning for the Large Hadron Collider and its associated de-
- 19 tectors. No funds are authorized for United States partici-
- 20 pation in the construction and operation of the Large
- 21 Hadron Collider project until the Secretary certifies to the
- 22 Congress that there is an international agreement that in-
- 23 cludes the provisions described in section 304(a).

- 1 (b) NUCLEAR PHYSICS.—There are authorized to be
- 2 appropriated to the Secretary for nuclear physics activities
- 3 of the Department—
- 4 (1) \$337,100,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- 5 (2) \$348,900,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- 6 (3) \$361,100,000 for fiscal year 1998; and
- 7 (4) \$373,700,000 for fiscal year 1999.
- 8 None of the funds authorized under paragraph (2), (3),
- 9 or (4) are authorized to be appropriated for facility oper-
- 10 ations of the Los Alamos Meson Physics Facility. Funds
- 11 authorized under paragraphs (1) through (4) may be ex-
- 12 pended for the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider at
- 13 Brookhaven National Laboratory.
- 14 (c) Limitation on Major Construction
- 15 Projects.—No funds may be expended for the construc-
- 16 tion and operation of any high energy and nuclear physics
- 17 facility construction project of the Department, with total
- 18 project expenditures projected to be in excess of
- 19 \$100,000,000, unless funds are specifically authorized for
- 20 such purposes in an Act that is not an appropriations Act.
- 21 Funds authorized under subsections (a) and (b) may be
- 22 expended for preliminary research, development, and plan-
- 23 ning for such projects.

1 SEC. 304. THE LARGE HADRON COLLIDER PROJECT.

2	(a) NEGOTIATIONS.—The Secretary, in consultation
3	with the Director of the National Science Foundation and
4	the Secretary of State, shall enter into negotiations with
5	CERN concerning United States participation in the plan-
6	ning and construction of the Large Hadron Collider
7	project, and shall ensure that any agreement incorporates
8	provisions to protect the United States investment in the
9	project, including provisions for—
10	(1) fair allocation of costs and benefits among
11	project participants;
12	(2) a limitation on the amount of United States
13	contribution to project construction and an estimate
14	of the United States contribution to subsequent op-
15	erating costs;
16	(3) a cost and schedule control system for the
17	total project;
18	(4) a preliminary statement of costs and the
19	schedule for all component design, testing, and fab-
20	rication, including technical goals and milestones,
21	and a final statement of such costs and schedule
22	within 1 year after the date on which the parties
23	enter into the agreement;
24	(5) a preliminary statement of costs and the
25	schedule for total project construction and operation,
26	including technical goals and milestones, and a final

- statement of such costs and schedule within 1 year after the date on which the parties enter into the
- 3 agreement;
- (6) reconsideration of the extent of United States participation if technical or operational milestones described in paragraphs (4) and (5) are not met, or if the project falls significantly behind sched-
- 8 ule;
- 9 (7) conditions of access for United States and 10 other scientists to the facility; and
- 11 (8) a process for addressing international co-12 ordination and cost sharing on high energy physics 13 projects beyond the Large Hadron Collider.
- 14 (b) Other International Negotiations.—Noth-
- 15 ing in this Act shall be construed to preclude the President
- 16 from entering into negotiations with respect to inter-
- 17 national science agreements.
- 18 (c) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of the Office of
- 19 Science and Technology Policy shall report, within 3
- 20 months after the date of enactment of this Act, to the
- 21 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
- 22 House of Representatives and to the Committee on Com-
- 23 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on spe-
- 24 cific goals for international coordination in megascience
- 25 projects, including an action plan needed to achieve these

1	goals. The action plan shall address such issues as cost
2	sharing and financial support, site location, access, and
3	management of megascience facilities.
4	SEC. 305. OPERATING PLAN.
5	Within 30 days after the date of the enactment of
6	any Act appropriating funds for the high energy or nuclear
7	physics activities of the Department, the Secretary shall
8	transmit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
9	nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
10	on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a plan
11	for the operations of the high energy and nuclear physics
12	activities of the Department, as adjusted to reflect the
13	amounts appropriated for such purposes by such Act.
14	SEC. 306. LONG-RANGE PLANNING AND GOVERNANCE.
15	(a) Program Governance Review.—
16	(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall con-
17	tract with an appropriate independent organization
18	to review the governance of all elements of the De-
19	partment's high energy and nuclear physics pro-
20	grams. Such review shall include—
21	(A) an evaluation of the staff allocation
22	and funding balance among facility operations,
23	construction, and research support; and
24	(B) an analysis of the extent to which the
25	Department's high energy and nuclear physics

- advisory groups represent the diversity of, and the full range of interests among, high energy and nuclear physics researchers.
 - (2) Report to Congress.—The Secretary shall submit a report to Congress within 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act detailing the results of the review required by this section, including recommendations for implementing the results and schedules for such implementation.

(b) Long-Range Plan.—

(1) Requirement.—The Secretary, in consultation with the high energy and nuclear physics communities, shall prepare a long-range plan for the Department of Energy high energy and nuclear physics programs based on current and projected program funding levels. The Secretary shall coordinate the preparation of the plan with the Director of the National Science Foundation, as appropriate, to ensure that long-range planning efforts and objectives for the entire Federal high energy and nuclear physics program are appropriately integrated. The plan shall be modified every 3 years. The long-range plan shall include—

1	(A) a list of research opportunities to be
2	pursued, including both ongoing and proposed
3	activities, listed in order of priority;
4	(B) an analysis of the relevance of each re-
5	search facility to the research opportunities list-
6	ed under subparagraph (A);
7	(C) a statement of the optimal balance for
8	the fiscal year in which the report is submitted
9	among facility operations, construction, and re-
10	search support and the optimal balance between
11	university and laboratory research programs;
12	(D) schedules for continuation, consolida-
13	tion, or termination of each major category of
14	research programs, and continuation, upgrade,
15	transfer, or closure of each research facility;
16	(E) a statement by project of efforts to co-
17	ordinate research projects with the international
18	community to maximize the use of limited re-
19	sources and avoid unproductive duplication of
20	efforts;
21	(F) a description of the extent to which the
22	plan modifications differ from previous plans
23	submitted under this subsection, along with an
24	explanation for such differences; and
25	(G) an estimate of—

- 1 (i) the number of scientists and grad-2 uate students being supported by Federal 3 high energy and nuclear physics programs; 4 and
 - (ii) the number of scientists and graduate students needed to carry out productive and sustainable research programs in these fields over the next 10 years.
 - (2) Reports to congress.—(A) The Secretary shall transmit a copy of the original long-range plan with the President's annual budget request to Congress for fiscal year 1997. The plan as modified shall be submitted with the President's budget request to Congress for every third fiscal year thereafter.
 - (B) The Secretary shall transmit with the President's budget request to Congress each year a report demonstrating the consistency of the current long-range plan with the budget being requested for the Department's high energy and nuclear physics programs.
- (c) Capital Budget Account.—Each of the President's annual budget requests to the Congress for high energy physics activities of the Department, and for nuclear physics activities of the Department, shall distin-

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1	guish between the budget for capital expenditures, includ-
2	ing all ongoing and planned major construction and cap-
3	ital equipment items, and other activities.
4	TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS
5	PROVISIONS
6	SEC. 401. UNIVERSITY RADIATION SCIENCE AND TECH
7	NOLOGY.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
9	(1) the future of fusion energy and advanced
10	nuclear energy technology research and development
11	programs will rely heavily on a healthy and vibrant
12	university-based radiation science and nuclear engi-
13	neering academic program;
14	(2) nuclear engineering is a broad, diverse field
15	with unique academic requirements, including math-
16	ematics, physics, reactor engineering, nuclear mate-
17	rials, radiation protection, and reactivity control and
18	operations;
19	(3) nuclear engineering academic programs at
20	both undergraduate and graduate levels have de-
21	clined in terms of the number of students enrolling
22	in such programs, the number of schools offering
23	such programs, and the number of research reactors

available on university campuses;

- (4) the existing nuclear technical community and faculties are aging, and new, younger graduates are not entering the field, threatening the United States technological superiority in this area;
 - (5) a robust, long-term fusion program will be dependent on the availability of properly trained scientific experts to carry on the program from the current leaders in the field;
 - (6) in the 1950s and 1960s, the Federal Government was instrumental in founding and funding the University Research Reactor program and the Nuclear Engineering Education and Research program, and as a primary user of the graduates of these programs, continued strong support for these programs for decades;
 - (7) the decline of Federal support for these programs has forced many universities to close down research reactors and seriously erode the accompanying academic programs;
 - (8) the current condition of the university research reactors needs attention and funding to upgrade instrumentation and safety features; and
 - (9) the Federal Government should continue its fuel assistance program in order to avert further hardships to the universities.

- 1 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are 2 to—
- (1) provide Federal support and maintain and
 upgrade the Nation's Nuclear Engineering Edu cation and Research and University Research Reactor programs, while continuing the University Reactor Fuel Assistance program;
 - (2) combine these programs into a comprehensive and cohesive national program which will support the future needs of the Nation across many scientific and technological disciplines; and
 - (3) provide the nuclear engineering education and university research reactor academic community opportunities to consult and cooperate with the Department of Energy and the national laboratories in the decisionmaking and priority setting processes.

(c) Program Direction.—

(1) Combining of Programs.—The Secretary shall combine the Nuclear Engineering Research and Education program, the University Research Reactor program, and the University Reactor Fuel Assistance program to form a new University Radiation Science and Technology program to be included as a separate and distinct part of the University and Science Education program.

1 (2) COLLABORATION.—The Secretary, in devel2 oping the annual budget request and program plan
3 for the University Radiation Science and Technology
4 program, shall collaborate with the university radi5 ation science and technology community (including
6 academia, professional societies, and the national
7 laboratories).

(d) Reports.—

- (1) Comprehensive plan.—The Secretary shall request the Nuclear Engineering Education Department Heads Organization and the National Organization of Test, Research, and Training Reactors to submit, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to the Congress and the Secretary a minimum of a 5-year comprehensive national plan for the University Radiation Science and Technology program. Such plan shall include comments from industry and all appropriate professional societies.
- (2) PROGRAM PROPOSAL.—Within 120 days after the submittal of the plan under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a University Radiation Science and Technology program proposal, which shall incorporate the plan submitted under paragraph (1) and shall include comments

- 1 from the National Academy of Sciences regarding
- 2 the completeness of the program proposal.
- 3 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-
- 5 rying out the University Radiation Science and Tech-
- 6 nology Program \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1995,
- 7 \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1996, and \$25,000,000 for fis-
- 8 cal year 1997.

9 SEC. 402. LIMITATION ON APPROPRIATIONS.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds
- 11 are authorized to be appropriated for carrying out the pro-
- 12 grams for which funds are authorized by this Act for any
- 13 fiscal year other than as provided by this Act.
- 14 SEC. 403. FOREIGN PARTICIPATION REPORT.
- 15 Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 16 and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall report to the
- 17 Congress on the status of foreign participation in and con-
- 18 tributions to projects for which funding is authorized
- 19 under this Act.
- $20\,$ sec. 404. Merit review requirement for awards of
- 21 FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
- 22 (a) MERIT REVIEW REQUIREMENT.—Except as pro-
- 23 vided in sections 204 and 205, the Secretary may not
- 24 award financial assistance to any person under this Act
- 25 for research, development, or precommercial demonstra-

1	tion activities, including related facility construction, un-
2	less an objective merit review process is used to award the
3	financial assistance.
4	(b) REQUIREMENT OF SPECIFIC MODIFICATION OF
5	MERIT REVIEW PROVISION.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—A provision of law may not
7	be construed as modifying or superseding subsection
8	(a), or as requiring that financial assistance be
9	awarded by the Secretary in a manner inconsistent
10	with subsection (a), unless such provision of law—
11	(A) specifically refers to this section;
12	(B) specifically states that such provision
13	of law modifies or supersedes subsection (a);
14	and
15	(C) specifically identifies the person to be
16	awarded the financial assistance and states that
17	the financial assistance to be awarded pursuant
18	to such provision of law is being awarded in a
19	manner inconsistent with subsection (a).
20	(2) Notice and wait requirement.—No fi-
21	nancial assistance may be awarded pursuant to a
22	provision of law that requires or authorizes the
23	award of the financial assistance in a manner incon-
24	sistent with subsection (a) until—

1 (A) the Secretary submits to the Congress
2 a written notice of the Secretary's intent to
3 award the financial assistance; and
4 (B) 180 days has elapsed after the date on
5 which the notice is received by the Congress.
6 (c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
7 (1) The term "objective merit review process"
8 means a thorough, consistent, and independent ex-
9 amination of requests for financial assistance based
on pre-established criteria and scientific and tech-
nical merit by persons knowledgeable in the field for
which the financial assistance is requested.
(2) The term "financial assistance" means the
4 transfer of funds or property to a recipient or sub-
5 recipient to accomplish a public purpose of support
or stimulation authorized by Federal law. Such term
includes grants, cooperative agreements, and
8 subawards but does not include cooperative research

Passed the House of Representatives August 19, 1994.

Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(d)(1)).

and development agreements as defined in sub-

section 12(d)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology

Attest: DONNALD K. ANDERSON,

Clerk.

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